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106年國中教育會考

英語科閱讀試題本

請不要翻到次頁！

讀完本頁的說明，聽從監試委員的指示才開始作答！

※請先確認你的答案卡、准考證與座位號碼是否一致無誤。

請閱讀以下測驗作答說明：

測驗說明：

這是國中教育會考英語科閱讀試題本，試題本採雙面印刷，共 **13** 頁，有 **41** 題選擇題，每題都只有一個正確或最佳的答案。測驗時間從 **10：30** 到 **11：30**，共 **60** 分鐘。作答開始與結束請聽從監試委員的指示。

注意事項：

1. 所有試題均為四選一的選擇題，答錯不倒扣。
2. 試題本分為單題和題組兩部分。
3. 部分試題中的單字或片語加註中文，以利參考。
4. 依試場規則規定，答案卡上不得書寫姓名座號，也不得作任何標記。
故意汙損答案卡、損壞試題本，或在答案卡上顯示自己身分者，該科考試不予計列等級。

作答方式：

請依照題意從四個選項中選出一個正確或最佳的答案，並用 **2B** 鉛筆在答案卡上相應的位置畫記，請務必將選項塗黑、塗滿。如果需要修改答案，請使用橡皮擦擦拭乾淨，重新塗黑答案。例如答案為 **B**，則將 **Ⓐ** 選項塗黑、塗滿，即：**Ⓐ ● Ⓒ Ⓓ**

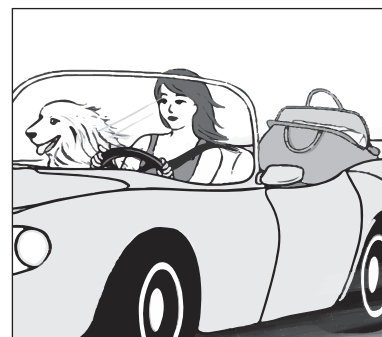
以下為錯誤的畫記方式，可能導致電腦無法正確判讀。如：

- Ⓐ Ⓑ Ⓒ Ⓓ — 未將選項塗滿
- Ⓐ Ⓑ Ⓒ Ⓓ — 未將選項塗黑
- Ⓐ ● Ⓒ Ⓓ — 未擦拭乾淨
- Ⓐ ● Ⓑ Ⓒ Ⓓ — 塗出選項外
- Ⓐ ● ● Ⓒ Ⓓ — 同時塗兩個選項

請聽到鐘（鈴）響起，於試題本右上角方格內填寫准考證末兩碼，再翻頁作答

第一部分: 單題 (第1-15題, 共15題)

1. Look at the picture. The dog is sitting _____.
(A) on the bag
(B) next to the woman
(C) inside the bag
(D) between the woman and the bag



2. My sister wants to buy a car _____ she doesn't have enough money.
(A) because (B) but (C) if (D) or
3. Jim always forgets my birthday. He has asked me many times and still can't _____ it.
(A) answer (B) celebrate (C) remember (D) understand
4. The little girl was _____ by a truck on her way home and was badly hurt.
(A) hit (B) led (C) lost (D) paid
5. Excuse me. I really need to go now. My kids _____ for me at school.
(A) are waiting (B) were waiting (C) wait (D) waited
6. Amy's father is very sick. The doctors can do nothing for him, so Amy went to the temple to _____ for him.
(A) care (B) count (C) look (D) pray
7. I'm glad that my school has students wear _____. I don't have to worry about what clothes to wear to school.
(A) belts (B) caps (C) gloves (D) uniforms
8. We are surprised that Sally and Ray decided to get married. No one knows _____. They often fight with each other and are unhappy together.
(A) why (B) where (C) when (D) how
9. I don't think Katie will read any one of the books you've picked out for her: _____ look(s) very boring.
(A) it (B) one (C) some (D) they

10. Jenny's bag is very heavy because _____ filled with toy cars.
(A) it is (B) they are (C) there is (D) there are
11. _____ a map with you when you go to a place for the first time.
(A) Have taken (B) Take (C) Taking (D) To take
12. The weather _____ rainy and cloudy in the last few days. I hope the sun will come out soon.
(A) has been (B) had been (C) will be (D) would be
13. All the excuses Nick made _____ a lot about how much he hates to do the job.
(A) say (B) saying (C) which say (D) to say
14. Sabine walks so _____ in the apartment that sometimes you don't even know she's just passed by. You wonder if her feet ever touch the floor.
(A) freely (B) lightly (C) shyly (D) slowly
15. In the past, people thought it was a _____ idea to send e-mails and read news online, but now it is part of our everyday life.
(A) simple (B) popular (C) good (D) fresh

試

題

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第二部分: 題組 (第16-41題, 共26題)

(16-18)



The book festival is coming!

Do you have some books you don't want?
Your old love may be someone's new favorite.

Bring one book to the Town Library & get another one home for free!

✧ **When & How:**

March 2 - March 14 *Bring one book for one book festival card.*

March 16 - March 31 *Bring one card for one book you like to read.*

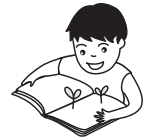
✧ **What books:**

All kinds of books **EXCEPT** school books, comic books, and dictionaries.

Notice:

① *Your book must be in good shape, without any page missing.*

② *Your book must be clean, and nothing is written on it.*



Want to know more? Please call 1234-5678. (We are closed on Mondays.)

-Town Library-

16. What is the book festival for?
- (A) Selling second-hand books.
(B) Telling people how to choose books.
(C) Inviting people to change books with each other.
(D) Knowing what kinds of books are the most popular.

17. Sonja is busy packing some books for the book festival. Which is most likely one of them?
- (A) An old dictionary of medicine.
(B) A book of short stories in English.
(C) A picture book with her own notes.
(D) A workbook she used in her math class.

likely 可能

18. Look at the calendar. If Sean has a book festival card, when can he use it?

calendar 月曆

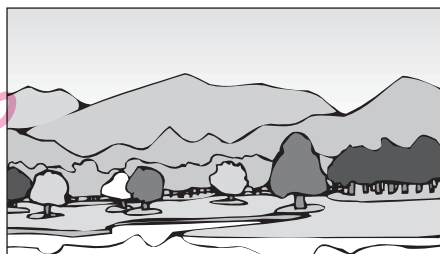
- (A) March 3.
(B) March 14.
(C) March 23.
(D) March 29.

March						
Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

(19-21)

I had a horrendous experience last Saturday.

That day, my family went camping near a big lake. While my parents were preparing dinner, my brother and I were playing by the lake. A dirty man appeared from somewhere, and his face was half covered by his hair. He walked to us and asked for some water.



When I gave him water, the bag he carried dropped, and things inside fell out on the grass. I saw a rope, a knife, and a baseball bat. The strangest thing was that there were also a woman's shoe and a ring, and I'm sure they were not his. The man quickly put all his things back in the bag and looked at us angrily. At that moment, the picture of a man the police was looking for came to my mind. He was the crazy killer! I was so afraid that I could not move at all.

Luckily, before he could get any closer, my mom shouted from far away, and the man hurried off into the dark.

 while 當……之時

19. What happened in the story?
- (A) A killer was caught by the police.
 - (B) The writer's family invited a stranger to dinner.
 - (C) The writer's brother ran to their parents for help.
 - (D) A man ran away after he heard the writer's mother's voice.
20. What can we learn about the writer and the man with a bag?
- (A) The man attacked the writer.
 - (B) The writer followed the man into the dark.
 - (C) The writer did not find out who the man was in the end.
 - (D) The man did not want the writer to see things in his bag.
21. How do people feel when they experience something horrendous?
- (A) Angry.
 - (B) Sad.
 - (C) Scared.
 - (D) Tired.

(22-24)

Ruth: I've got two tickets for a football game. The Lions vs. the Sharks, front-row seats, next Saturday. Interested? You can take Jessica to the game.

Nate: How did you get the tickets?! They were all sold out months ago!

Ruth: And a table for two at Leeds.

Nate: Leeds?! But I called them yesterday and they said they were all booked for the year!

Ruth: Now it's yours. You and Jessica can have a lovely dinner there after the game.

Nate: Wait a second. This is just not like you. What's the catch?

Ruth: Well, you know this Friday I'm leaving for my vacation in London, and

Nate: And what?

Ruth: And I was thinking if Charlie could stay with you next week.

Nate: The whole week?!

Ruth: Please! I can't just leave him in my apartment.

Nate: You know I hate that stupid dog! And he hates me too.

Ruth: Please! You're my last hope.

Nate: I need to think about it.

Ruth: OK, but not too long.



22. What does the catch mean in the dialogue?
- (A) A plan that starts well but ends badly.
 - (B) A fact that everyone knows but never talks about.
 - (C) A problem that is hidden behind something good.
 - (D) An action that is right in one way but wrong in another.
23. What does it mean in the dialogue?
- (A) Taking care of Charlie.
 - (B) Having dinner with Jessica.
 - (C) Going to the football game.
 - (D) Going to London for vacation.
24. What do we know from the dialogue?
- (A) Ruth will go to London next Saturday.
 - (B) Ruth had trouble booking a hotel room in London.
 - (C) Nate is the first person that Ruth thought of for help.
 - (D) Nate is surprised that Ruth was able to book a table at Leeds.

(25-26)

When you need to see a doctor, surely you will want to see a good one. But there is one important thing you may never have thought about: Has your doctor rested enough?

Doctors in our country often have to work 34 hours or longer without sleep. Most of them work 104 hours a week, and some even 150. (There are only 168 hours a week!) One report said that a doctor who works such long hours cannot think more clearly than a drunk driver. Another found that doctors who sleep 5.8 fewer hours than the week before might make 22% more serious mistakes. Surely no one wants to get in a car that is driven by a drunk driver. So, how safe would you feel when you are under the care of a tired doctor?

Sadly this problem has been around for a long time. There are no laws about it yet and hospital bosses don't look like they care either. And that is why we doctors are asking you to join us on the street this Sunday. Fight together with us on the street so we can fight better for your life in the hospital.

 Time: 1 p.m. May 2nd  Place: City Hospital Square




drunk 酒醉的 law 法律

25. What is this reading for?
- (A) Telling people rules about hospital visits.
 - (B) Getting people to stand up and speak for doctors.
 - (C) Telling people how to find a good doctor for themselves.
 - (D) Getting doctors to share their experiences in saving lives.
26. What does this problem mean in the reading?
- (A) Doctors' long working hours.
 - (B) Doctors' problems with nurses.
 - (C) Doctors do not see enough people a day.
 - (D) Doctors are not paid enough for their work.

Have you ever seen a pumpkin that looks like a nose or an apple that looks like a funny face? They may not look great, but they taste just as good as the pretty ones. These strange-looking fruit and vegetables are called “seconds.” About 20-40% of what farmers grow is not so beautiful. Sadly, these “seconds” seldom arrive at your table, but often go straight into the trash can. Why? It’s because supermarkets don’t want to buy them from farmers—they believe their shoppers only love beautiful things. Because of these “seconds,” some farmers lose a lot of money.


Wonky Markt wishes to change this. We’re helping sell these “seconds.” Farmers can save them from the trash can, and you can get them at a lower price.



Wonky Markt

1. NT\$250 a box.
2. You can choose as many as six kinds of fruit and vegetables a box.
3. Service charge: NT\$50 a box.
4. No service charge if order is over NT\$1,000.

Send us photos of your delicious dishes that are made with our “seconds” to oneandonly@wonkymarkt.com, and you may win our cookbook.

 service charge 手續費

27. What does Wonky Markt care about?
- (A) Supermarkets often sell “seconds” at a lower price.
 (B) Farmers don’t know how to grow fewer “seconds.”
 (C) “Seconds” are thrown away because of how they look.
 (D) People don’t know much about picking fresh “seconds.”
28. What do we know about buying the “seconds” from Wonky Markt?
- (A) You can save 20-40% if you shop for a second time.
 (B) If you buy three boxes, you will need to pay NT\$900.
 (C) You can choose not only their size but also their shape.
 (D) To win the cookbook, you need to buy at least six boxes.

(29-30)

Below is the news about Dashing Shuttle's bus line changes.

Dashing Shuttle ♦ Map of bus lines

Each ●—● means a different bus line.

Dashing Shuttle

1. Great news for people who travel between **Apple City** and **Peach City**! From July 1, we have three more buses to **Peach City** every day.
2. A trip from **Apple City** to **Lemon City** or **Berry City** will take less time. From July 1, you can go from **Apple City** to each of the two cities without changing buses.
3. Dashing Shuttle is the first in the country to open a bus line between **Apple City** and **Orange Island**. From July 1, our bus will take you to **Orange Island** every day!
4. Our bus line between **Apple City** and **Grape Town** will stop running on June 30. From July 1, changing buses at **Guava Town** or **Banana Town** will be the best way to travel.
5. From July 1, our bus runs from **Apple City** to **Mango Island** three times a day. You don't need to change buses at **Melon City** anymore.

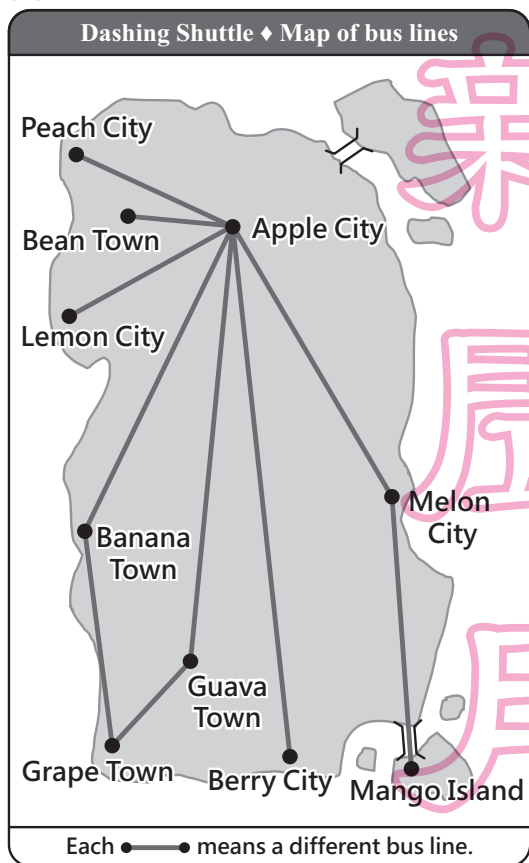
29. What can we learn from the reading?

- (A) No buses go from Apple City to Orange Island before the bus line changes.
- (B) Before July 1, those who want to visit Mango Island have to take a bus at Berry City.
- (C) Traveling from Apple City to Grape Town will take less time after the bus line changes.
- (D) Before July 1, Dashing Shuttle does not have buses from Apple City to Peach City.

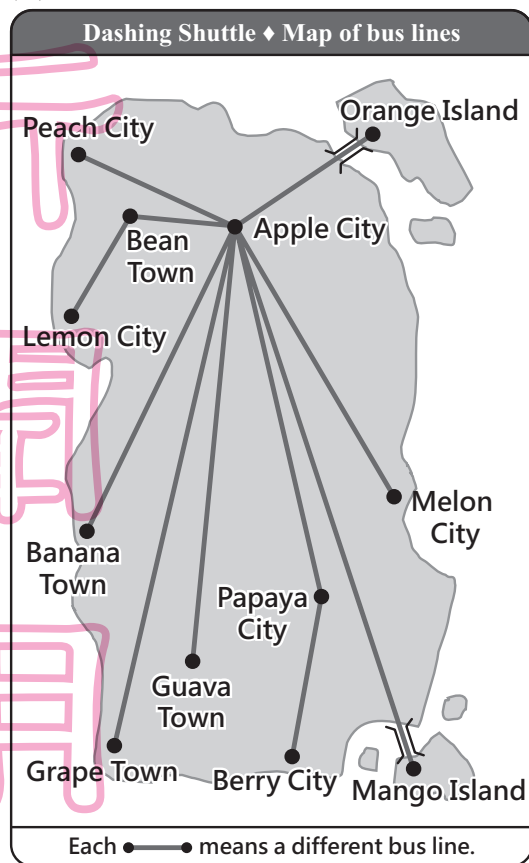
30. Which is most likely Dashing Shuttle's map of bus lines before July 1?

 likely 可能

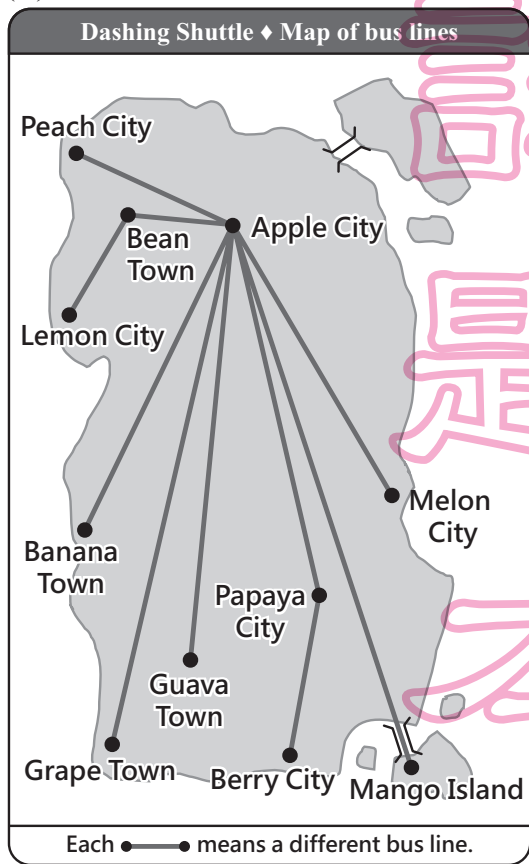
(A)



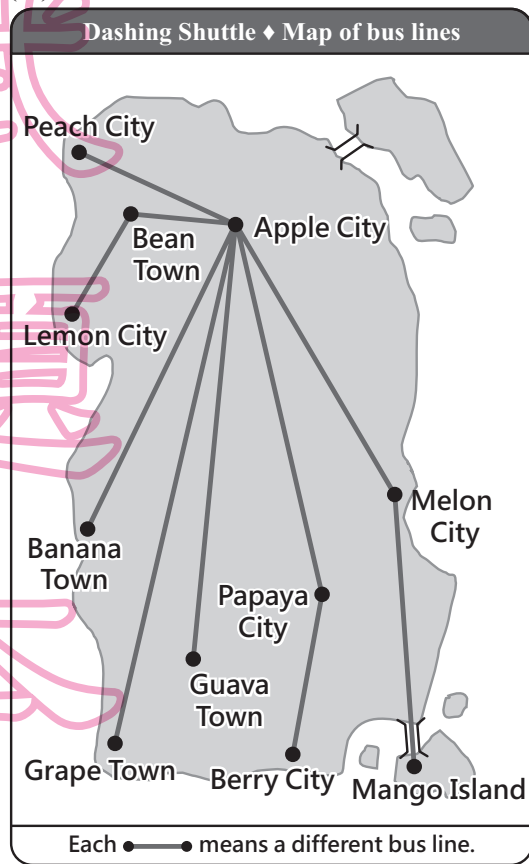
(B)



(C)

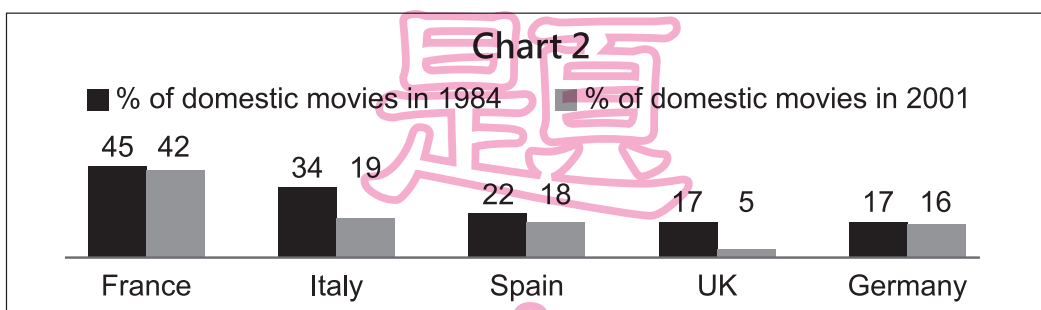
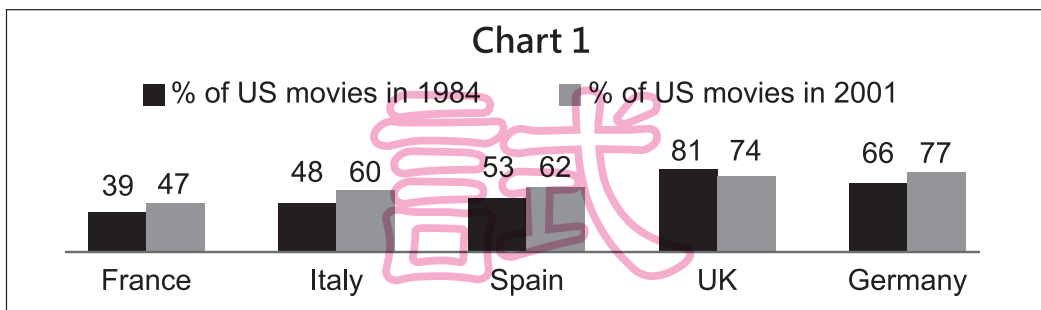


(D)



Thanks to globalization, we get to see movies from around the world. If anyone should feel most excited about globalization, it is US movie makers. A study in 2001 shows that, for every 100 people who go to the theater, 85 see US movies. This may be good news for US movie makers, but not for those in other countries.

Chart 1 shows the percentages (%) of US movies in five countries in 1984 and in 2001; Chart 2 shows the percentages (%) of domestic movies in the five countries in 1984 and in 2001. In Chart 1, we can see that US movies have been popular in foreign markets. In Chart 2, we can see that domestic movies in the five countries are not doing well in their domestic market. The falling market for domestic movies may be a serious problem, but there is something more important. When people welcome US movies with open arms, they in fact also say yes to the American way of thinking. Some people in these countries worry that what is lost may not just be their domestic market for domestic movies, but also their own way of thinking that has been passed down from parents to children.



 globalization 全球化 domestic 當地的；國產的；本國的

31. What does the report say about globalization's influence on the movie world?

- (A) It has changed the way of making movies.
- (B) It has changed a country's domestic market for movies.
- (C) It has brought together movie makers from around the world.
- (D) It has helped US movies make more money abroad than in the US.



influence 影響

32. What can we learn from the report?

- (A) The American way of thinking may be changed when it is brought to other countries.
- (B) More and more people are asking their country to help their domestic movie business.
- (C) US movies are popular in foreign markets because English is spoken in many countries.
- (D) The fact that US movies are popular may mean the American way of thinking is popular.

33. From the charts, which is true?

- (A) The percentage (%) of US movies has changed the least in Spain.
- (B) In each of the five countries, the percentage (%) of domestic movies has fallen.
- (C) Of all five countries, UK's domestic movies have the smallest drop in percentage (%).
- (D) When the percentage (%) of domestic movies drops, the percentage of US movies rises.

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(34-37)

Jerry Stevens has been unhappy these months. He 34 a proud businessman of a successful shaved ice shop. His highest sales numbers were 1,899 plates a week; people called him “Ice King.” But all this changed when the cookie shop across the street started selling ice cream cookies. It took away half of his business.

And 35 when Dan, his dead sister’s only son, came to work for him.

Dan was a nice young man with a simple mind, too simple, maybe. He always let people try some shaved ice for free, but he never learned to see when “some” became “too much.” Many people came, but few bought. When the sales did not grow with the heat, Jerry started to worry. He wanted to send Dan home. But how could he? Dan had no family except him.

Then, one day, 36. And it was from across the street. The cookie shop 37 a clerk. For Jerry, it was a great chance to get Dan out of his store without sending him home. After taking the shopkeeper to several nice dinners, Jerry got Dan the job.

Now Jerry could finally try and save his store. And maybe Dan would help by sending him a few people who are thirsty from eating too many cookies.



 shaved ice 刨冰

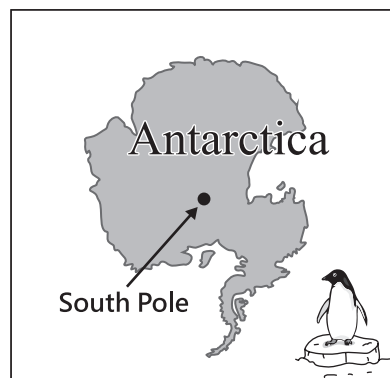
34. (A) is (B) has been
(C) used to be (D) was going to be
35. (A) things didn't get better
(B) he was ready to give up
(C) the sales of shaved ice finally started to rise
(D) the cookie shop was not successful for long
36. (A) his only hope died (B) good news arrived
(C) worse trouble came (D) the hard time passed
37. (A) used to look for (B) has looked for
(C) was looking for (D) had looked for

(38-41)

Englishman Robert Scott is known for leading two trips to Antarctica. The first one made him a star; the second 38.

After his first successful trip, Scott decided to be the first person to stand on the South Pole. However, 39. He would be in a race with Roald Amundsen, from Norway. Both left their countries by ship in June of 1910 and arrived in Antarctica in January of 1911.

About ten months later, both teams started their trips down to the South Pole. 40. Amundsen's team used dogs, and Scott's team used horses. Because horses weren't good at traveling on snow, it took Scott's team 77 days to arrive at the South Pole. They got there on January 17, 1912, and were surprised to find that Amundsen was ahead of them. The news hit Scott very hard, but what he didn't know was that 41. His team began their long trip home with broken hearts. After days of terrible weather and little food, Scott lost his men one after another, and he himself was the last one to meet the end of his life. No one on his team lived to go back home and tell their story. It was only learned through Scott's diary.



38. (A) hurt his health
(B) opened his eyes
(C) cost him his life
(D) made his dream come true
39. (A) he didn't want to take this trip with others
(B) he wasn't the only one who had this dream
(C) he wouldn't let anyone else take his prize away
(D) he couldn't miss the chance to make his country proud
40. (A) And Scott used a popular way for his men to travel fast
(B) But there were problems to deal with before they traveled
(C) But Amundsen didn't know better about animals than Scott
(D) And their ways of traveling decided which team would win
41. (A) there was still hope
(B) no one ever believed him
(C) the worst had not come yet
(D) Amundsen had not been honest